

MEASUREMENT OF NUTRITION AND FOOD SAFETY BIOMARKERS AT THE POINT-OF-NEED

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Disclosure

AFFILIATION/FINANCIAL INTERESTS (prior 12 months)	ENTITIES
Grants/Research Support	National Institutes of Health, National Science Foundation, Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition, United States Department of Agriculture, United States Agency for International Development, HarvestPlus/ International Food Policy Research Institute, World Health Organization
Scientific Advisory Board/Consultant/ Board of Directors	VitaScan
Speakers Bureau	None
Stock Shareholder	VitaScan
Employee	Cornell University
Other	N/A

UPDATE ON OUR WORK ON POCT DEVICES

1. Overview and Problem
2. Examples and Patents
3. Multiplexing
4. Different matrices such as Saliva and Urine
5. Moving to Food Testing
6. Target Product Profile
7. Last Mile



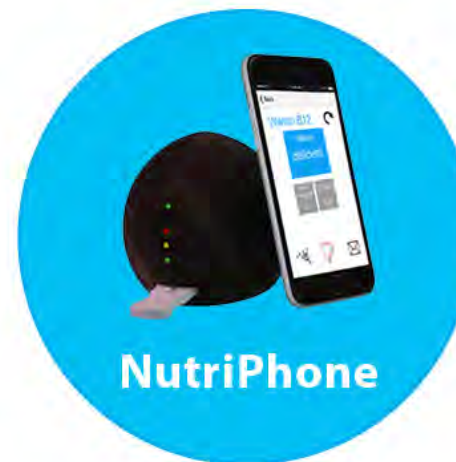
Precision Crops

Better and Safer



Precision Foods

Accurate Assessment of Quality and Delivery of Nutrients



Precision Nutrition

Better Targeting and Evaluation of Interventions



Precision Health

Earlier Detection of Disease and Improved Prognosis

Scale-up and Efficacy Demonstrations for promising technologies such as Biofortified Crops

Enable safety assessment via technologies for mycotoxin (aflatoxins) assessment at the point-of-need

In vitro and in vivo testing for nutrient interactions before programmatic or market implementation

Incorporate bioavailability and absorption

Enable POC testing of nutritional status + better functional biomarkers

Improve resilience and incorporate acceptability (cooking time, taste, etc.)

Enable POC testing for illnesses such as Dengue, Zika, and Malaria + Cancer And monitor progress and relapse

Better methods for diagnosing and preventing antibiotic resistance



Research, Implementation, and Training in all areas

PROBLEM

1. Access to affordable and reliable micronutrient status testing remains sparse

1.1. Population level

1.2. Personalized

1.3. Food testing

2. Challenges for targeting/designing interventions as well as monitoring response and impact evaluation

3. Can point-of-care devices help?

VISION/GOALS

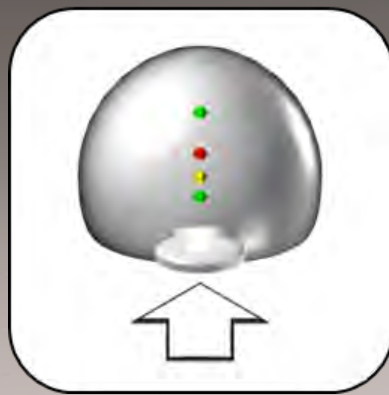
1. Sensitivity/Specificity - Screening vs. Diagnostic
2. Minimal Sample
3. Minimal Infrastructure
4. Minimal Training
5. Minimal Cost
6. Extend the reach of traditional laboratories

NutriPhone bridges the gap

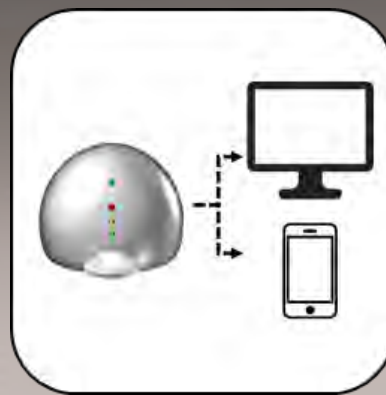
1. Finger-stick
applied to custom
test-strips



2. Test reaction
takes 10
minutes



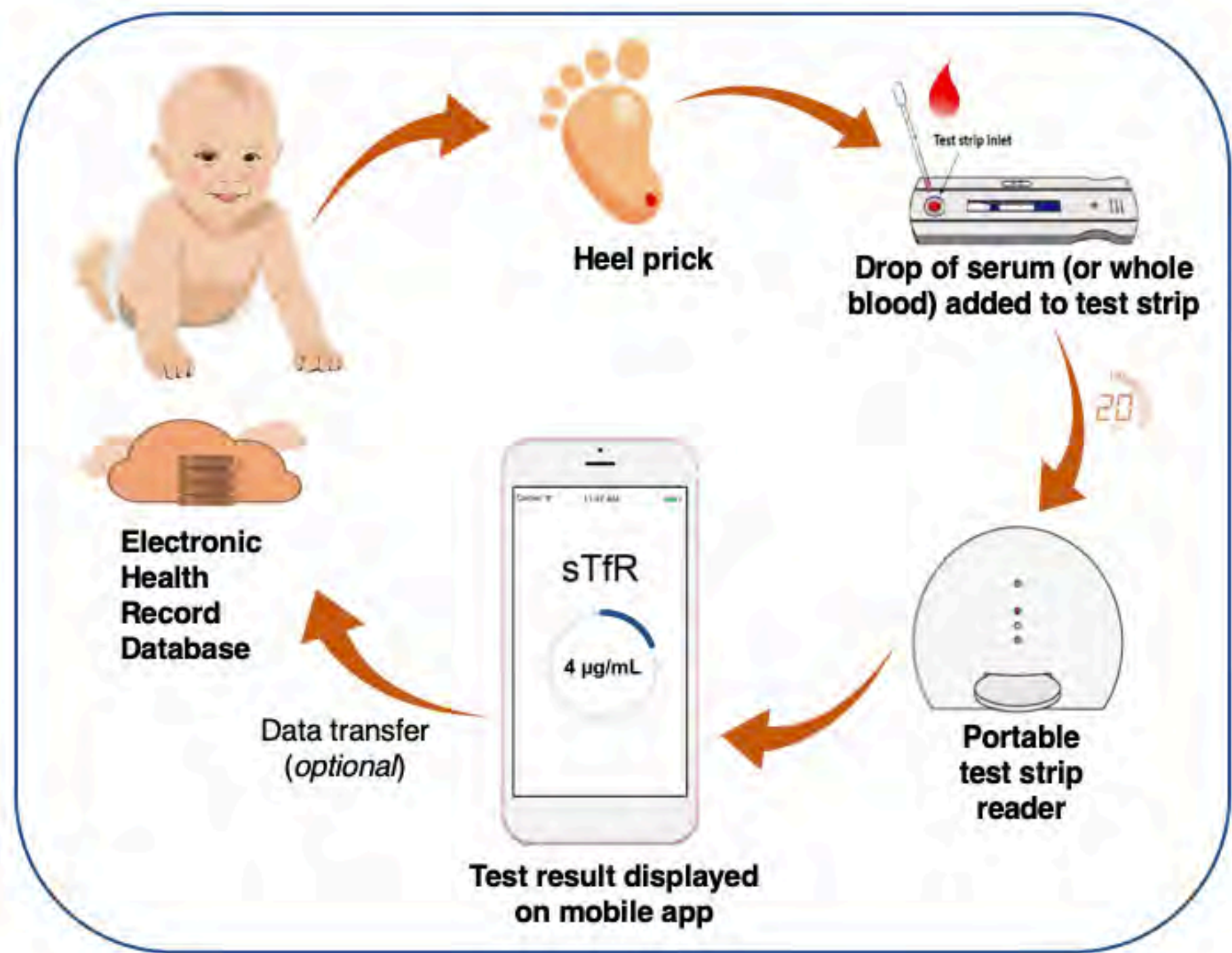
3. Reader images
test and sends to
phone



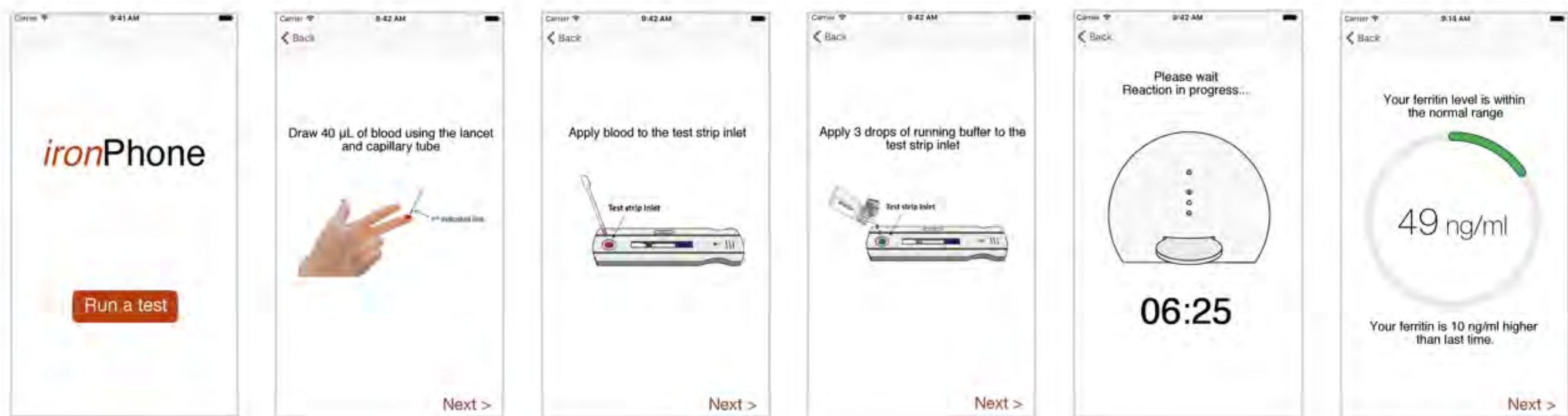
Tests have been developed for: Vitamin D, Vitamin B12, Vitamin A, CRP, Iron, AGP

More details and list of papers at insight.cornell.edu/projects

Testing Protocol



NutriPhone Mobile App



Mobile app provides step-by-step guidance to user



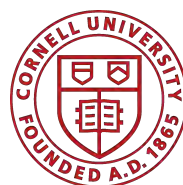
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The U.S. Government's Global Hunger & Food Security Initiative

Current Reader Format and Footprint



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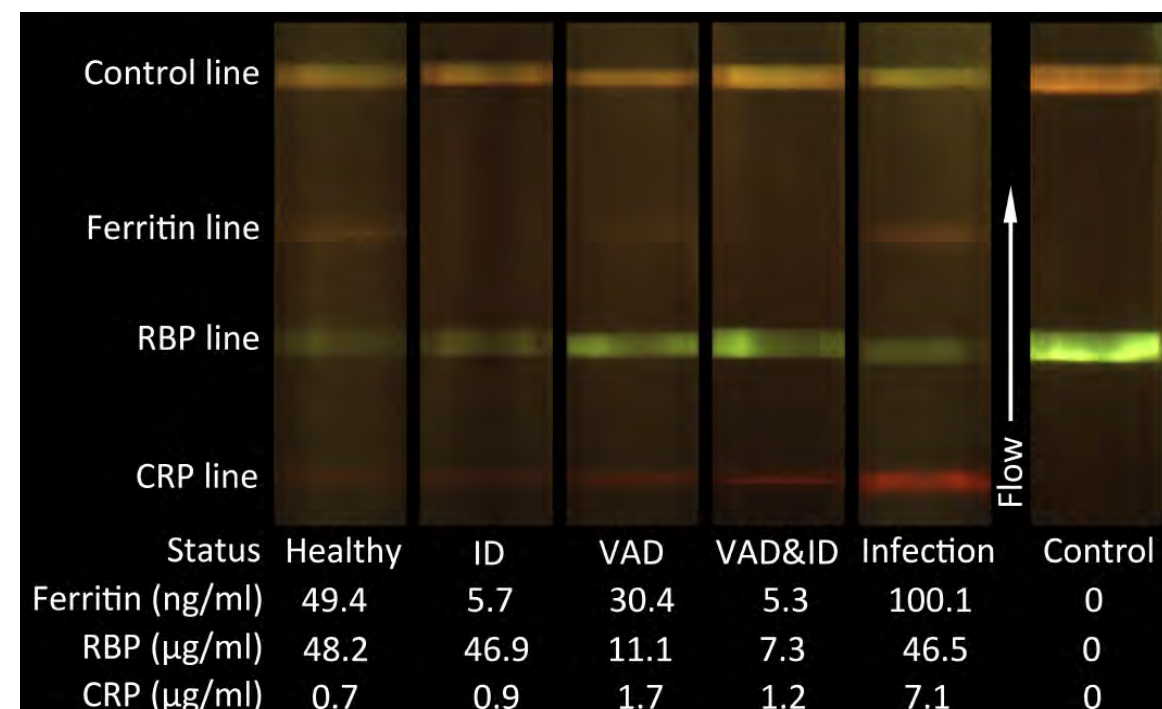
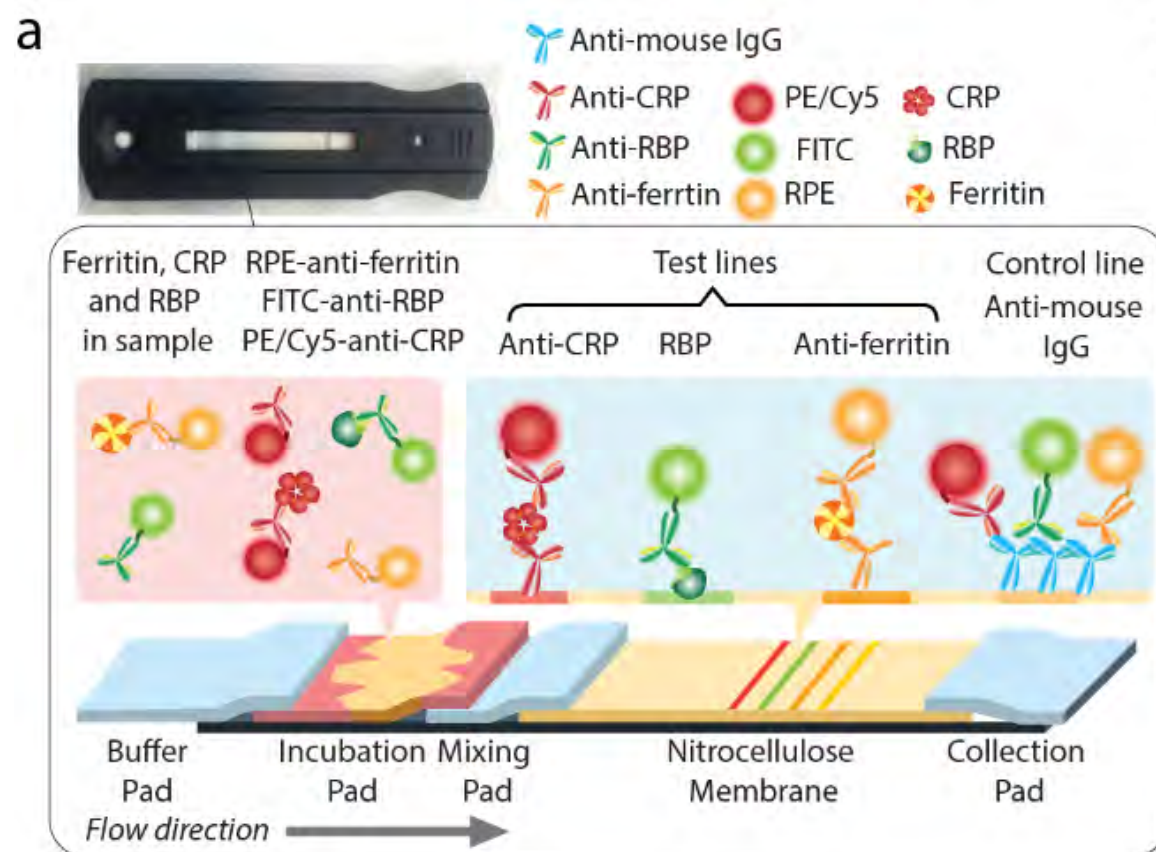
GERALD J. AND DOROTHY R.
Friedman School of
Nutrition Science and Policy

Rapid diagnostic testing platform for iron and vitamin A deficiency

Zhengda Lu^a, Dakota O'Dell^b, Balaji Srinivasan^c, Elizabeth Rey^a, Ruisheng Wang^d, Sasank Vemulapati^a, Saurabh Mehta^{c,e,1}, and David Erickson^{a,c,e,1}

^aSibley School of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853; ^bApplied and Engineering Physics, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853; ^cDivision of Nutritional Sciences, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853; ^dMeinig School of Biomedical Engineering, College of Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853; and ^eInstitute for Nutritional Sciences, Global Health, and Technology, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853

Edited by Alfred Sommer, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD, and approved November 2, 2017 (received for review June 26, 2017)



NutriPhone/FeverPhone Biomarkers

Nutritional Status

- Vitamin B12
- Vitamin A - RBP
- Ferritin
- Soluble Transferrin Receptor
- Vitamin D - 25(OH)D3
- Folate

Food Safety

- Aflatoxin
 - In blood, urine, milk
 - In food
- Fumonisin

Inflammation Status

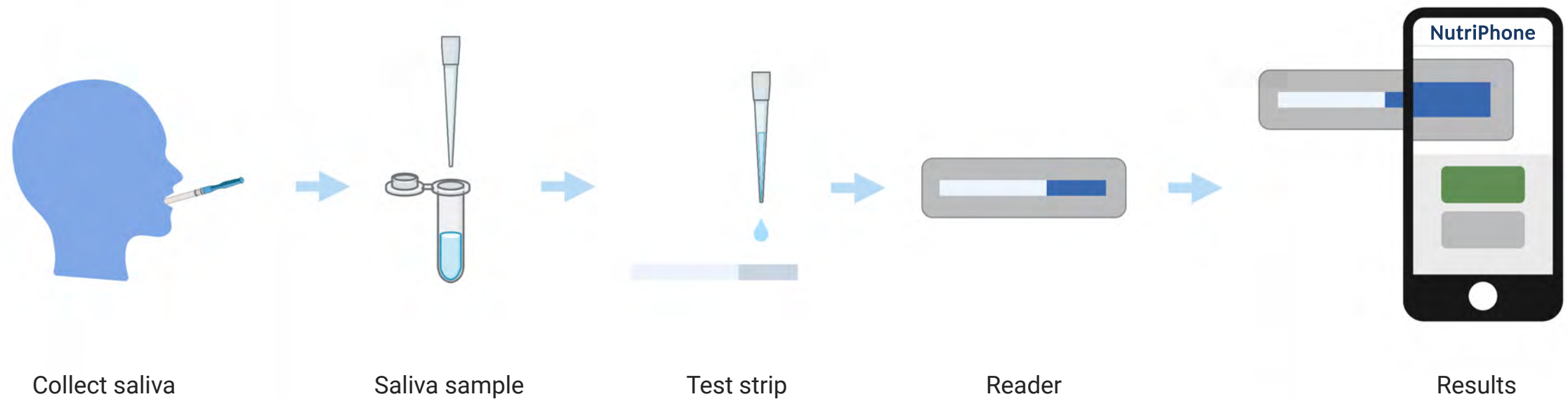
- Alpha-1 acid glycoprotein (AGP)
- C-reactive protein

Cancer Biomarkers

- Alpha Fetoprotein (AFP)
- Prostate-specific antigen

Infectious Diseases

- Dengue
- Chikungunya
- Chagas
- Leptospirosis
- Malaria



Created using biorender.com by Elena Cherchi

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SAFE-Phone

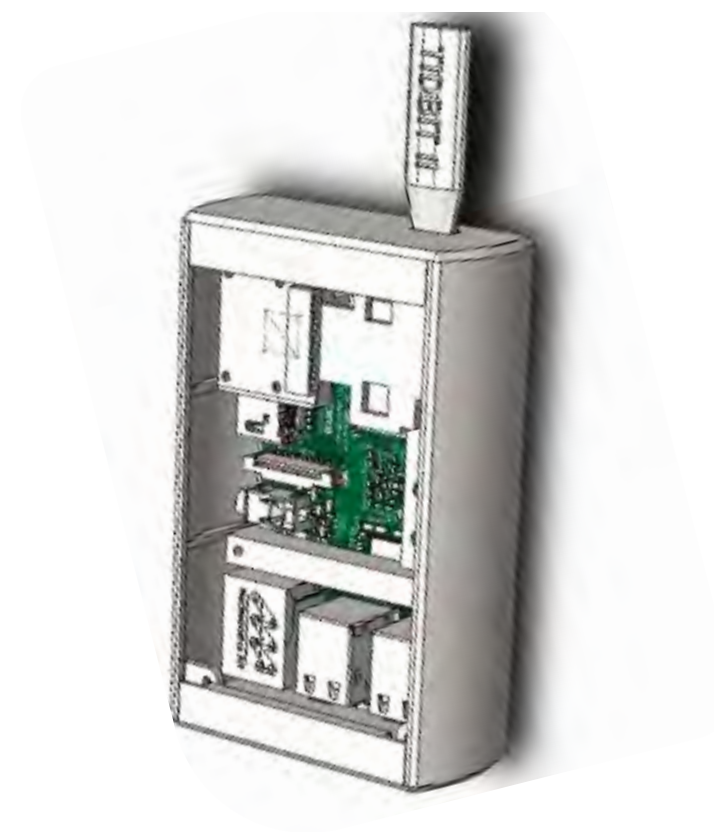
Smartphone-Based Aflatoxin
Evaluation at the Point-of-Need

Primary Work by:

Balaji Srinivasan, PhD, Research Associate

Zhengda Lu, PhD, Former Graduate Student

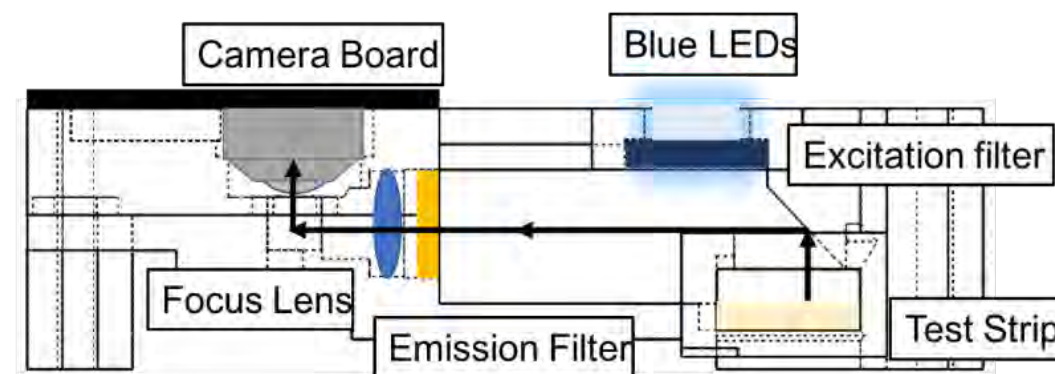
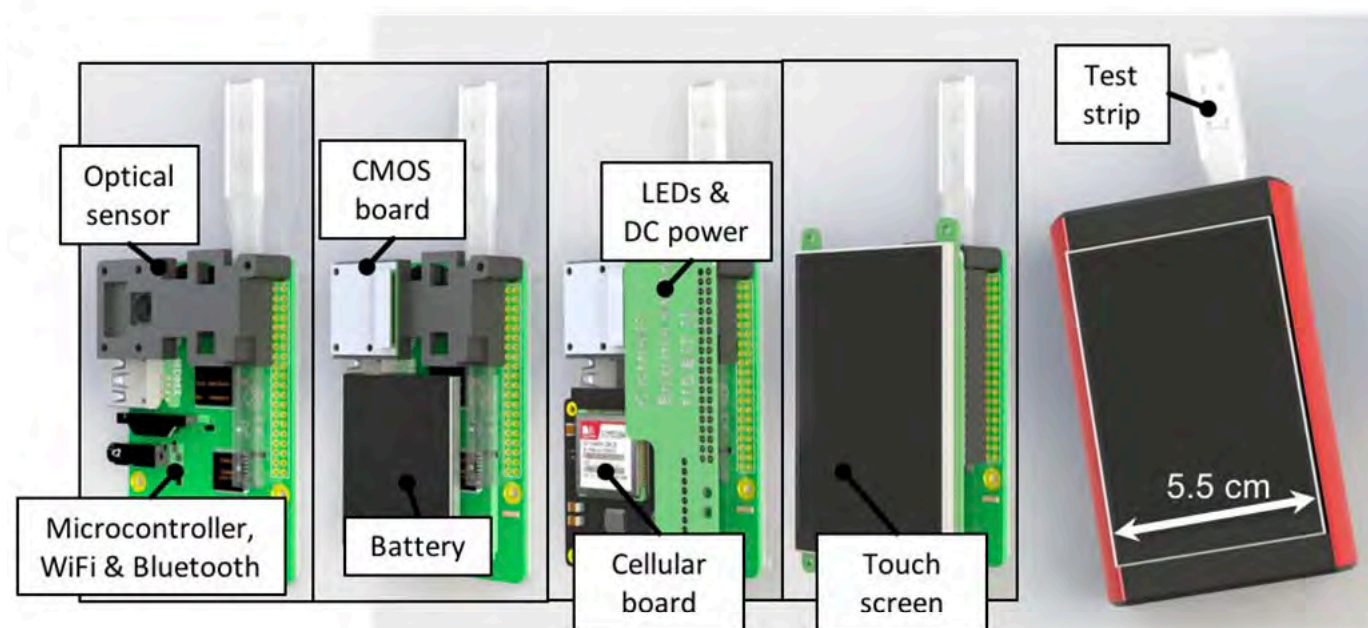
Amit Barui, PhD, Former Postdoctoral Associate



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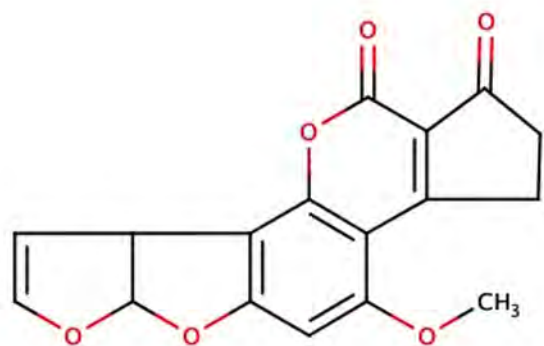
SAFE-Phone

- 4'' diagonal size, with a touch screen.
- Able to **transmit** data
- Confocal fluorescence **optical sensor**
- **Europium** nanoparticle (EuNPs) lateral flow assay
- Ultra-compact reader
- ~100 times more **sensitive** than state-of-art technology

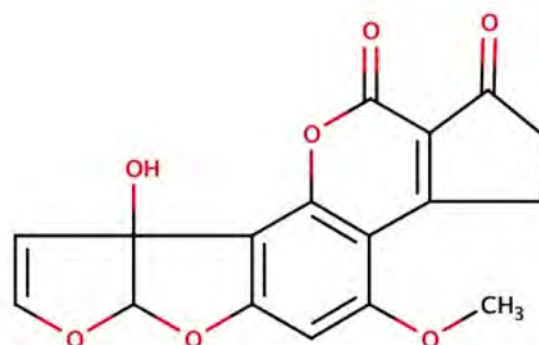


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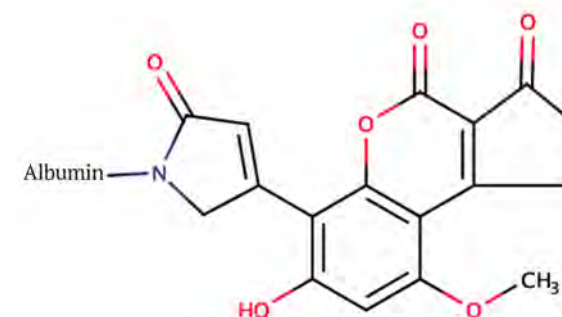
SAFE-Phone - BIOMARKERS



AFLATOXIN B1
FOOD



AFLATOXIN M1
URINE



**AFLATOXIN B1-ALBUMIN/
AFLATOXIN B1-LYSINE**
BLOOD

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SAFE-Phone

FOOD/BLOOD

Test line- monoclonal anti-aflatoxin
(Abcam plc.)¹⁻³

Control line- anti-rat IgG (Jackson
ImmunoResearch Inc.)

ELISA Kit- Aflatoxin B1 ELISA Kit (#
K4208, BioVision Inc., CA)

URINE

Test line- monoclonal anti-AFM1 IgG
(Agrisera, Inc.)

Control line- anti-mouse IgG (Jackson
ImmunoResearch Inc.)

ELISA Kit- Aflatoxin M1 ELISA
(#991AFLM01U, Helica, Inc.)

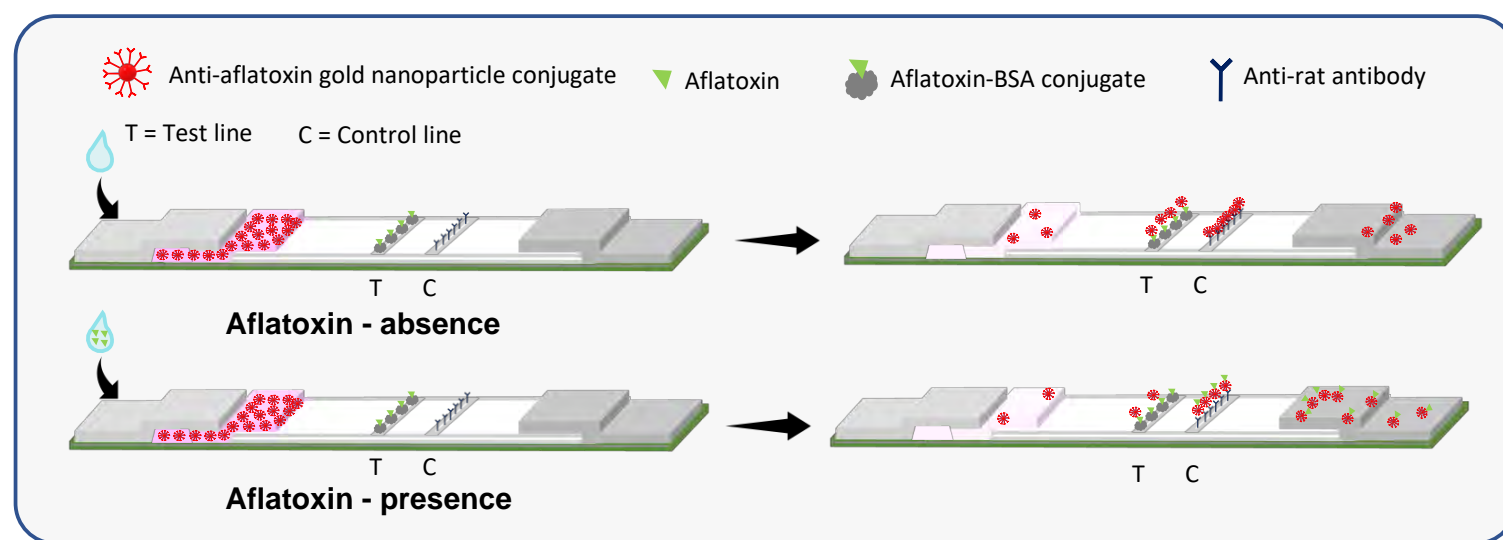
REFERENCE

1. Kanungo L & Bhand S Fluorimetric immunoassay for multianalysis of aflatoxins. J Anal Methods Chem 2013:584964 (2013).
2. Parker CO & Tothill IE Development of an electrochemical immunosensor for aflatoxin M1 in milk with focus on matrix interference. Biosens Bioelectron 24:2452-7 (2009).
3. Parker CO et al. Electrochemical immunochip sensor for aflatoxin M1 detection. Anal Chem 81:5291-8 (2009).

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SAFE-Phone Food

- Latex nanoparticle (400 nm diameter) based lateral flow immunoassay
- USDA cut off for AFB1 in food - 20 ng/ml
- Assay covers the aflatoxin concentration range 5 - 40 ng/ml (ppb)
- Limit of detection as low as 5 ng/ml



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SAFE-Phone FOOD

- Selection of antibodies and design and development of test strip for AFB1 in food completed
- Testing of reference standard corn samples and comparison with HPLC results - in partnership with Office of the Texas State Chemist and Texas A&M University.
- Assay development for Fumonisin and multiplexed AFB1, FB1 test strip - in progress

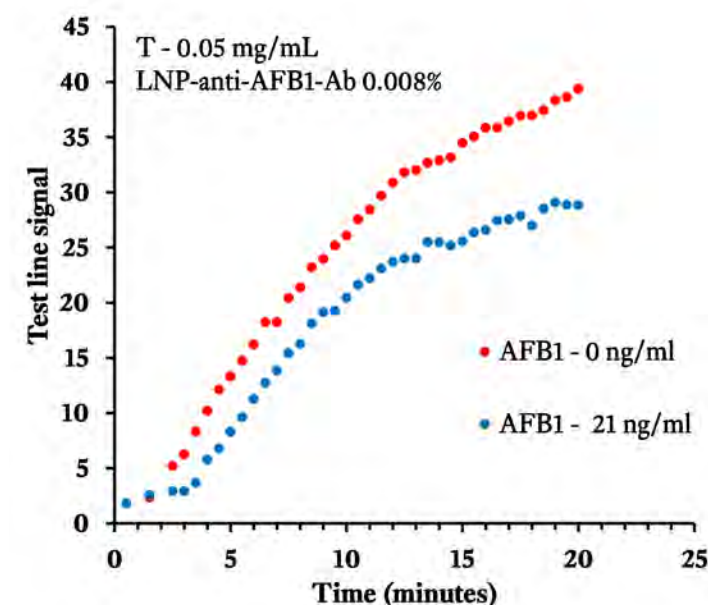


Figure: Analytics - variation of test line signal with time at various concentrations

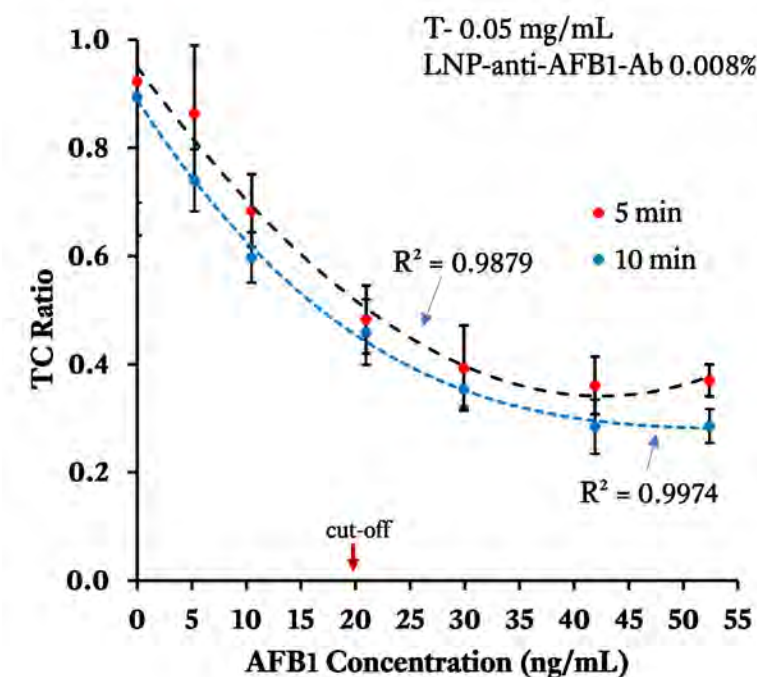


Figure: calibration curve for measurements at t = 5 min and 10 min.

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SAFE-Phone - Blood- Challenges

-
- AFB1 in serum is in a complex adduct form at very low concentrations (pg range)
 - Lack of commercial source for reference standard and calibrators for AFB1-lysine or AFB1- human serum adduct
 - Lack of commercial sources for antibodies for anti-AFB1-lysine/ anti-AFB1-HSA
 - Lack of reference antigen standard (AFB1-lysine) limits outsourcing custom development of antibodies
 - Lack of commercial labs for performing gold standard HPLC testing for AFB1 in serum/urine samples
 - No prior data on correlation between capillary and venous blood samples
-

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SAFE-Phone - Blood

■ Next steps

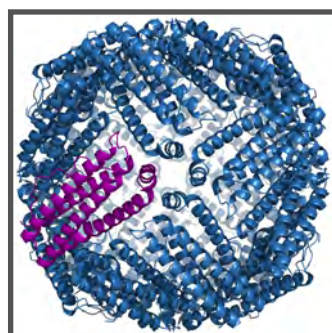
- Substudy - compare capillary vs. venous blood samples for AFB1 concentrations
- Calibration efforts ongoing in partnership with laboratories at UGA and JHU
- Validation in samples collected by the Tufts team in Nepal and Uganda

WHO'S ASSURED CRITERIA/ TARGET PRODUCT PROFILE FOR POCT DEVICES

1. Affordable by those at risk
2. Sensitive (Few false-negative results)
3. Specific (Few false-positive results)
4. User-friendly requires minimal training (simple to perform by users with little training)
5. Rapid (to enable treatment at first visit) and Robust (without the need for special storage)
6. Equipment free (no large instruments that need external power supply)
7. Delivered to those who need it (scale it up with sustainable business model to produce)

Our current work addresses these goals...

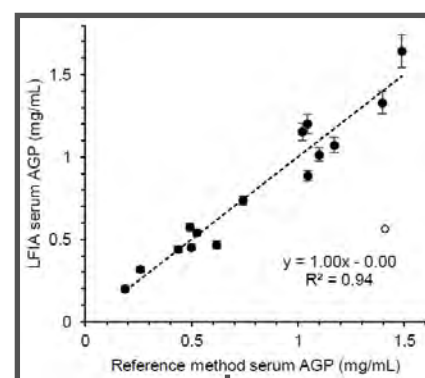
Identify biomarker with diagnostic need



Optimize assay for required physiological range



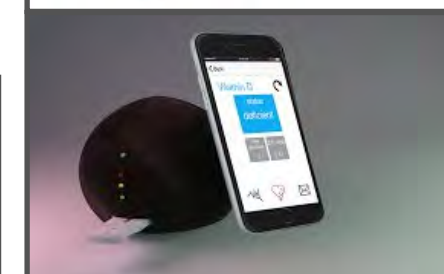
Initial small-scale lab validation and performance testing



How do we do this?

Rigorous diagnostic performance evaluation, shelf life, temperature/humidity effects etc

Commercialize, optimization and manufacturing



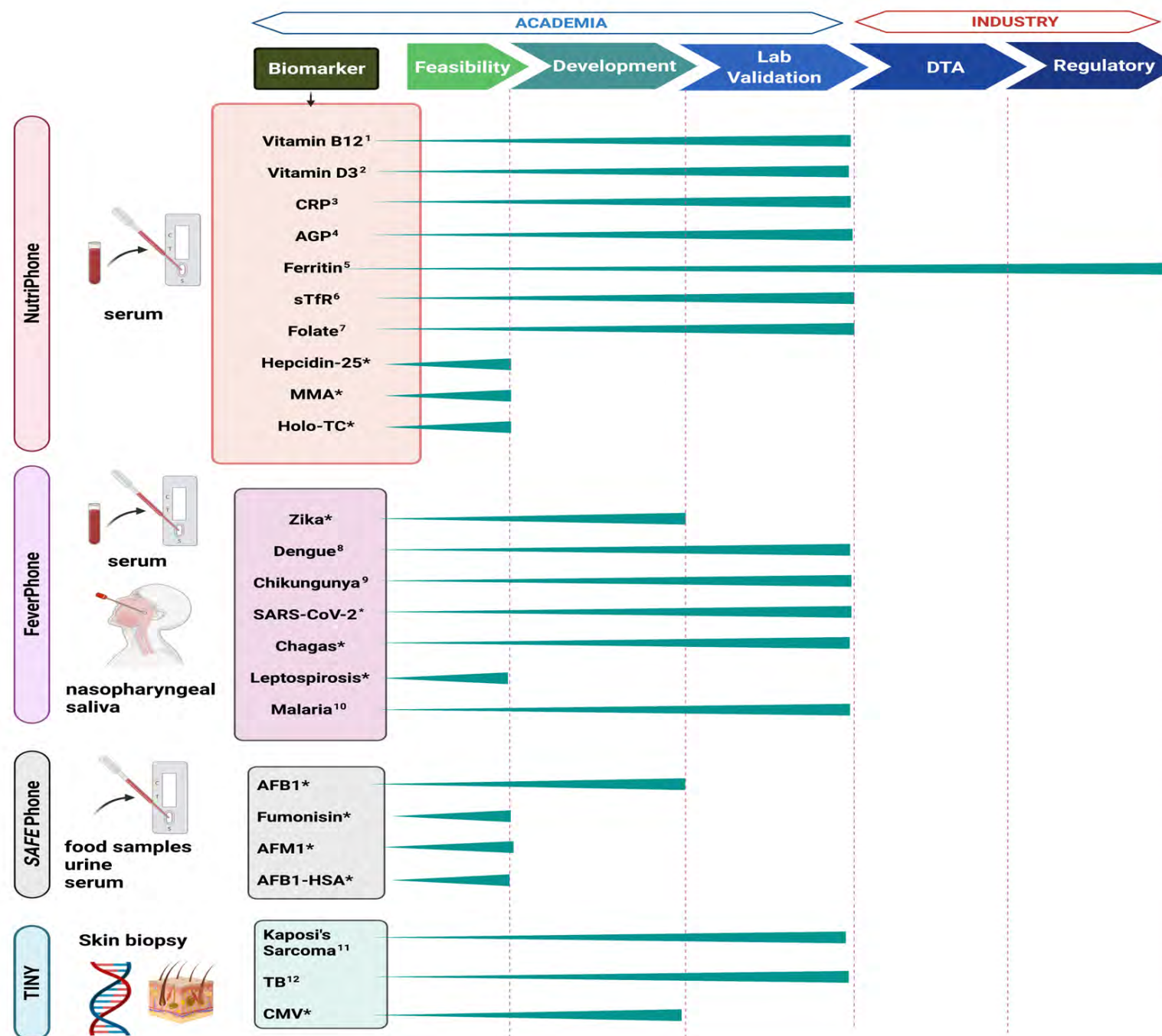
**Academic
Proof of Concept**

**Industry
Large Scale Production**

Images: Siemens, creative-diagnostics, biodot, Vossman

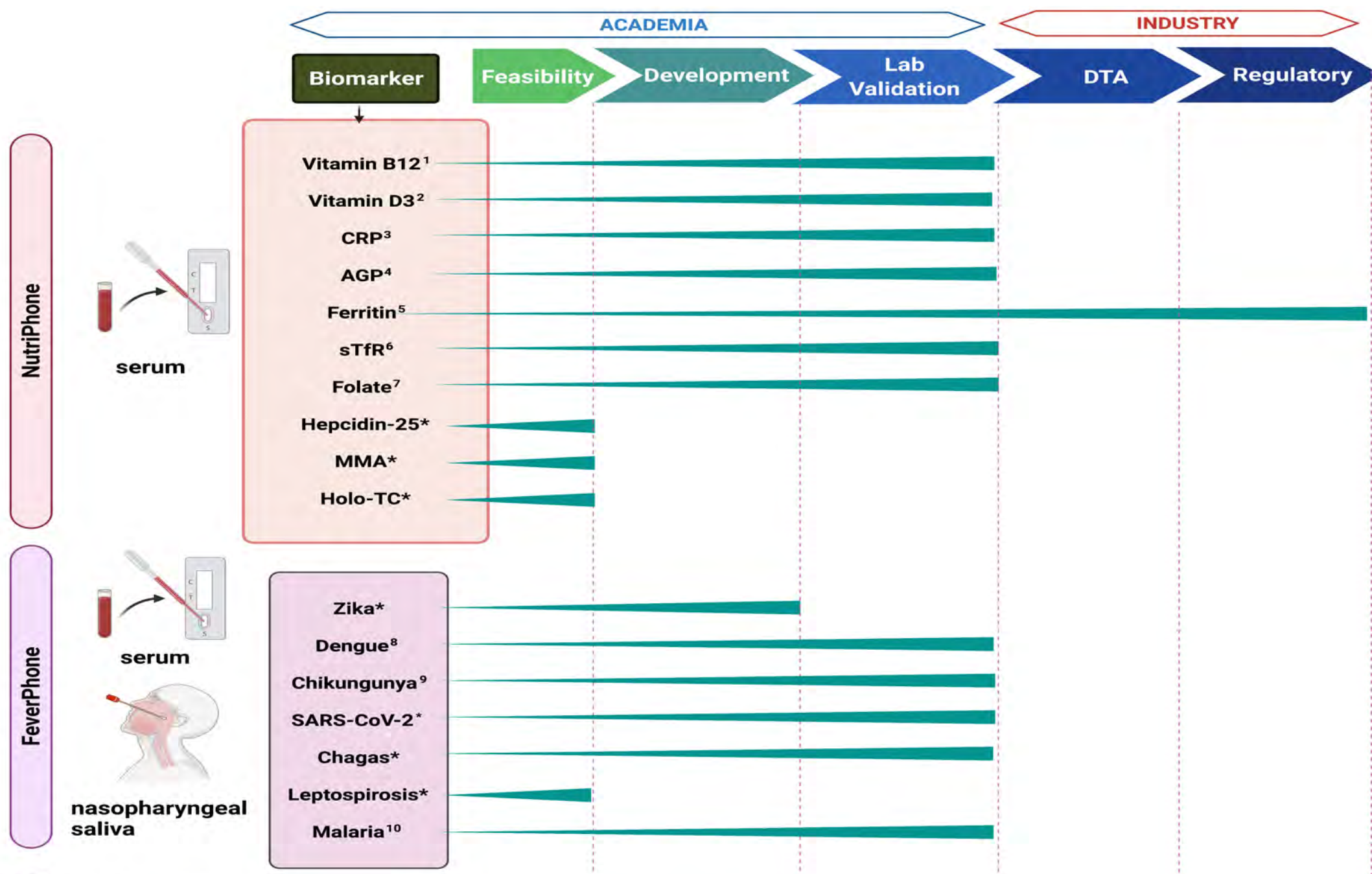
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ASSAY DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE



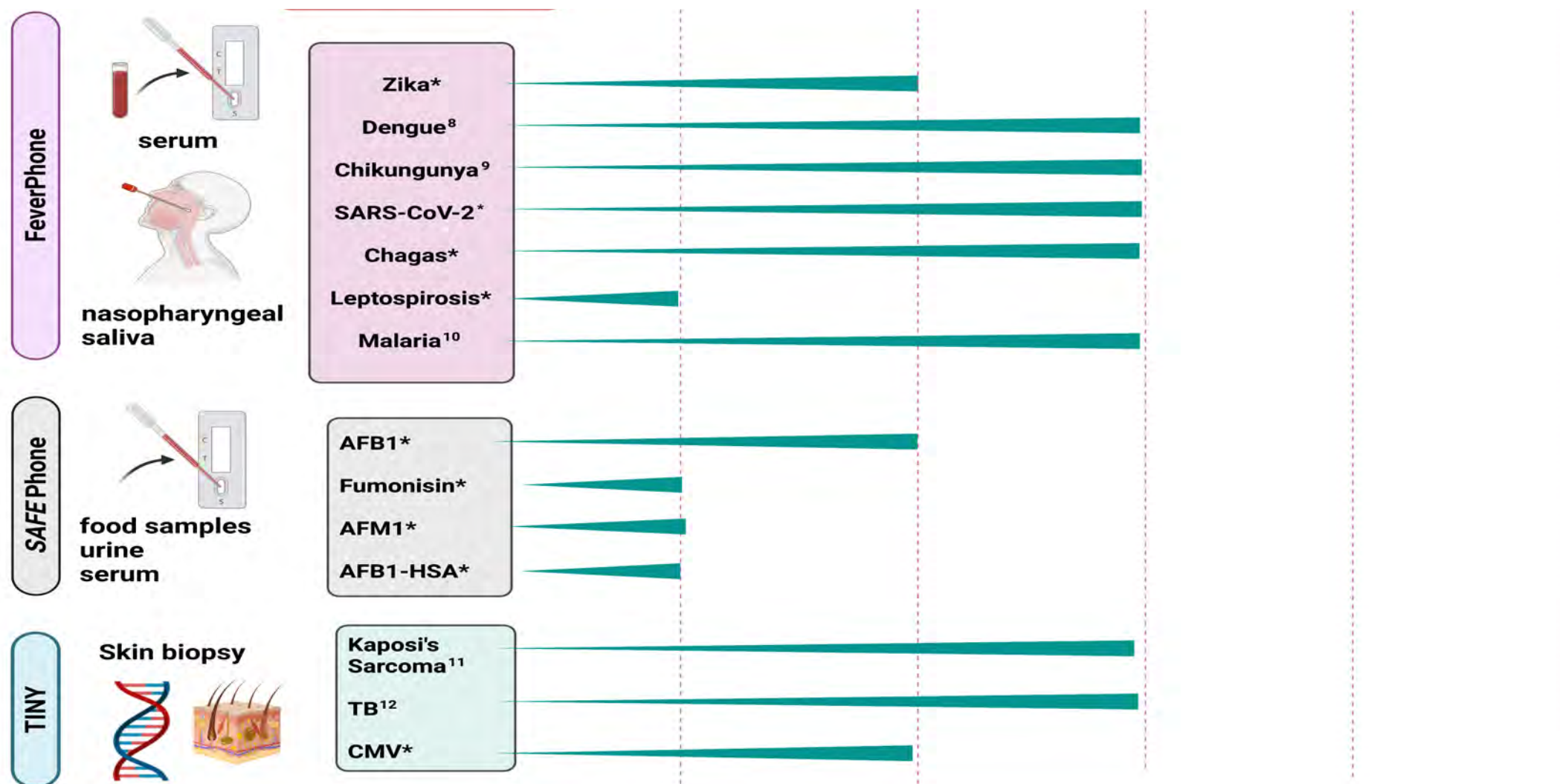
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ASSAY DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE



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ASSAY DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE





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The U.S. Government's Global Hunger & Food Security Initiative

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Mehta Research Group

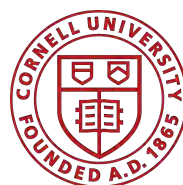
Saurabh

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Mapbox



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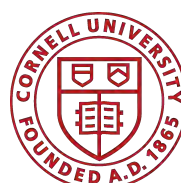
Acknowledgments



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